

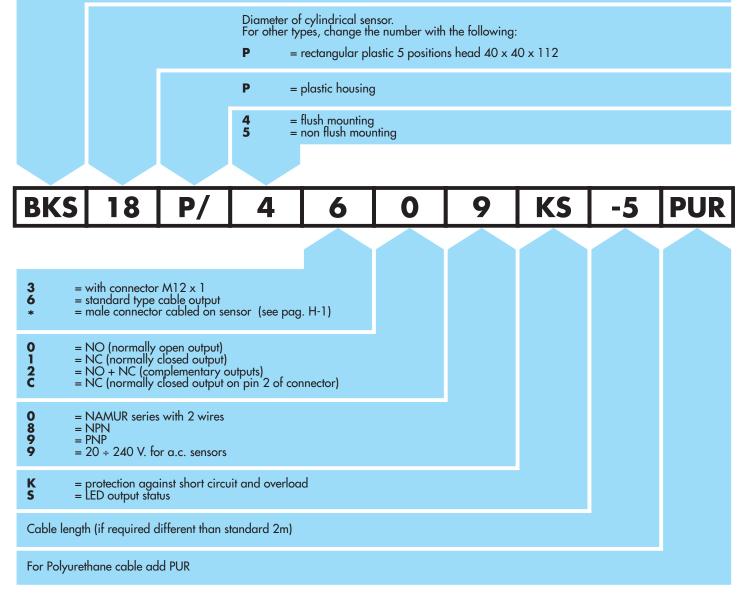
CAPACITIVE SENSORS

Capacitive sensors detect the presence of any object into the sensible area. They have a higher sensitivity detecting metal objects or materials with a high content of water which have a high dielectric constant.

WORKING PRINCIPLE

An electrostatic field is generated in the sensible area. When an object gets in the sensing area changing its capacitive value, the oscillator stage starts oscillating, creating a commutation of the output stages. It's possible to adjust the sensing distance of capacitive sensors operating on the potentiometer placed on the back plastic cap or laterally in the connector versions. The factory regulation is the maximum value of the range declared on the catalogue.

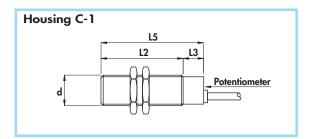
CAPACITIVE SENSORS

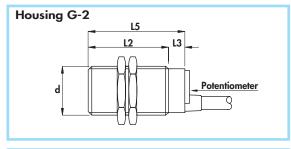


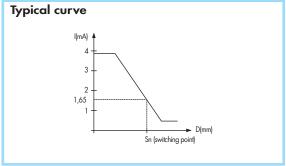
= amplified a.c. = amplified d.c. = NOT amplified d.c. NAMUR series

AKS BKS NKS

- NAMUR SERIES •
- Non-amplified in d.c. 2 wires
 - Cable output •







Diamete	er	M18 x 1	M30 x 1,5			
Nut	Size	SW24	SW36			
INUI	Thickness mm	4	5			
Max tig	htening Nm	35	80			

Materials:

2 m PVC CEI 20 - 22 II; 90°C; 300 V; O.R. nickel plated brass Cable:

Housing:

Sensing face: plastic

General Features:

Capacitive sensors are suitable for any material detection. Some material, mostly if liquids, can be detected also through plastic or glass walls. They can be used for the most different applications: level controls on storage bin or tanks; detection of presence or filling of bottles; rain sensor; anti-vandalic key; etc.

The adjustment of the sensing distance is possible through the potentiometer on the back cap.

Safety parameters:
• Working voltage: Supply voltage according to NAMUR: Max ripple:

Consumption at 8,2 V with $Rx = 1000 \Omega$ with metal:

without metal: Temperature range: Max thermal drift of sensing distance S.:

Degree of protection: Cable conductor cross section:

Repeat accuracy (R):

According to EN60947-5-6

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) according to EN60947-5-2 Shock and vibration resistance according to EN60068-2-27 EN60068-2-6

For certified ATEX version see ATEX Catalogue

sing	Flush mounting Non flush mounting	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	Cable diameter	Body diameter (d)	switching quency (f)	nal sensing Ince (S _n)	ORDERING REFERENCES	
Housing	Flush mo						<u> </u>	- . ö	Max	Nominal distance ±10	brown +	
	-ğ	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	Hz	mm	-	
C - 1	•	-	50	10	-	60	5	M18 x 1	100	2 ÷ 5	NKS18/4600	
G-2	•	-	50	10	-	60	5	M30 x 1,5	100	4 ÷ 10	NKS30/4600	

7 ÷ 30 Vdc

7,7 ÷ 9 Vdc

≥ 2,2 mA

≤ 1 mA - 25°÷ + 70°C

± 20%

4%

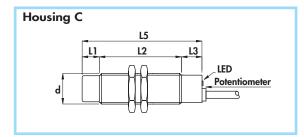
IP65

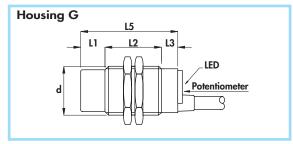
 $0,75 \text{ mm}^2$

10%

Amplified in d.c. 4 wires

Cable output



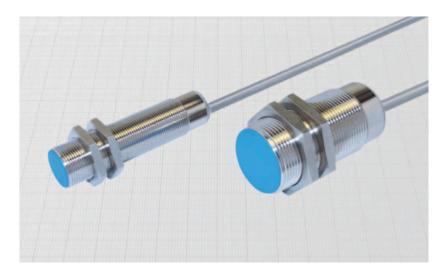


Diamet	er	M18 x 1	M30 x 1,5		
Nut	Size	SW24	SW36		
1401	Thickness mm	4	5		
Max tig	htening Nm	35	80		

Materials:

2 m PVC CEI 20 - 22 II; 90°C; 300 V; O.R. Cable: Housing: nickel plated brass

Sensing face: plastic



General Features:

Capacitive sensors are suitable for any material detection. Some material, mostly if liquids, can be detected also through plastic or glass walls. They can be used for the most different applications: level controls on storage bin or tanks; detection of presence or filling of bottles; rain sensor; anti-vandalic key; etc.
The adjustment of the sensing distance is possible through the potentiometer on the

back cap close to the LED.

Technical data:

- Supply voltage (U_B) : 10 ÷ 60 Vdc 10% Max ripple: No-load supply current (I_o): Voltage drop (U_d): ≤ 10 mA ≤ 2,2 V 25°÷ + 70°C Temperature range: Max thermal drift of sensing distance S_r: Repeat accuracy (R): ± 20% 4% Switching hysteresis max (H): Degree of protection: 15% **IP65** yellow LED 0,35 mm² on 18 mm Switch status indicator: Cable conductor cross section: $0,50 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ on } 30 \text{ mm}$
- Protected against short-circuit and overload
- Protected against any wrong connection Suppression of initial false impulse
- Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) according to EN60947-5-2

Shock and vibration resistance according to EN60068-2-27 EN60068-2-6

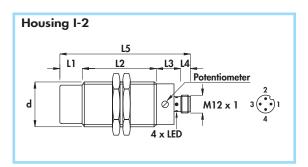
	ounting		10	10	1.4	1.5	ole eter	yk erer –	Max switching frequency (f)	Rated operational current (1 _e)	sensing (S _n)	ORDERING REFERENCES		
Housing	noun h mo	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	Cable diameter	Body diameter (d)	x sw	ope	Nominal ser distance (±10%	PNP (positive switching)		
운	Flush mo Non flush						J	Ü	A free	Ratec	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	NO + NC		
	Ž	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	Hz	mA	mm	white blue		
C	٠.	- 10	50 40	10 10	- -	60 60	5 5	M18 x1 M18 x1	100 100	400 400	2 ÷ 5 3 ÷10	BKS18/4629KS BKS18/5629KS		
G G	•	- 15	50 35	10 10	- -	60 60	6 6	M30 x1,5 M30 x1,5	100 100	400 400	3 ÷10 5 ÷ 20	BKS30/4629KS BKS30/5629KS		

NPN (negative switching) Use the above mentioned part number changing the last number 9



Amplified in d.c. •

Connector output M12 x 1 •



Diamet	er	M30 x 1,5
Nut	Size	SW36
INUI	Thickness mm	5
Max tig	htening Nm	80

Materials:

Housing: Sensing face: nickel plated brass plastic



General Features:

Capacitive sensors are suitable for any material detection. Some material, mostly if liquids, can be detected also through plastic or glass walls. They can be used for the most different applications: level controls on storage bin or tanks; detection of presence or filling of bottles; rain sensor; anti-vandalic key; etc.

The adjustment of the sensing distance is possible through the potentiometer on the smooth part of the housing.

Technical data:

Supply voltage (U_B): Max ripple:

No-load supply current (I_o): Voltage drop (U_d):

Temperature range:

Max thermal drift of sensing distance S_r:

Repeat accuracy (R): Switching hysteresis max (H):

Degree of protection:

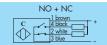
Switch status indicator:

Protected against short-circuit and overload

Protected against any wrong connection Suppression of initial false impulse

T	ounting mounting	11	L2	10	1.4	1.5	ale ector	dy eter	Max switching frequency (f)	Rated operationc current (1 _e)	sensing (S,)	ORDERING REFERENCES
Housing	mour sh mo	L1	LZ	L3	L4	L5	Female	Body diameter (d)	ax sw equen	ed ope	Nominal ser distance (1 ± 10%	PNP (positive switching)
Ĭ	Flush mo Non flush								\$₩	Rate	Ž	NO + NC
	Ž	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	n°	mm	mm Hz		mm	2 white 3 blue
I-2	•	-	50	18	8	<i>7</i> 6	6 - 8B - 10	M30 x1,5	100	400	3 ÷ 10	BK\$30\$/4329K\$
I-2	•	15	35	18	8	76	6 - 8B - 10	M30 x1,5	100	400	5 ÷ 20	BKS30S/5329KS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} NPN (negative switching) \\ Use the above mentioned part number changing the last number 9 with 8 (ie. BKS30S/4328KS) \\ \end{tabular}$



10 ÷ 60 Vdc

10%

≤ 10 mA ≤ 2,2 V - 25°÷ + 70°C

± 20%

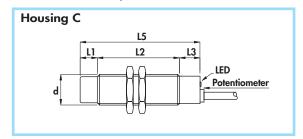
4% 15%

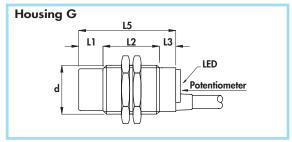
IP65

yellow LED

• Amplified in a.c. 2 wires + earth

Cable output





Diamet	er	M18 x 1	M30 x 1,5			
Nut	Size	SW24	SW36			
INUI	Thickness mm	4	5			
Max tig	htening Nm	35	80			



2 m PVC CEI 20 - 22 II; 90°C; 300 V; O.R. Cable: Housing: nickel plated brass Sensing face: plastic



General Features:

Capacitive sensors are suitable for any material detection. Some material, mostly if liquids, can be detected also through plastic or glass walls. They can be used for the most different applications: level controls on storage bin or tanks; detection of presence or filling of bottles; rain sensor; anti-vandalic key; etc.

The adjustment of the sensing distance is possible through the potentiometer on the back cap close to the LED.

20 ÷ 240 Vac

Technical data:

Supply voltage (U_B) :

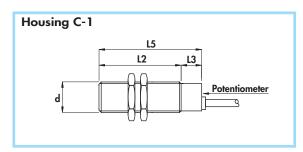
Frequenza di rete: 40 ÷ 60 Hz Off-state current (I,): ≤1,5 mA at 110 Vac Minimum operational current (I_m): 5 mA $\leq 7 \text{ V}$ Voltage drop (U_d): Temperature range: Max thermal drift of sensing distance S_r: - 25° ÷ + 70°C ± 20% Repeat accuracy (R): 4% Switching hysteresis max (H): 15% Degree of protection: **IP65** yellow LED 0,35 mm² on 18 mm 0,75 mm² on 30 mm Switch status indicator: Cable conductor cross section:

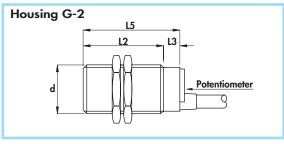
Suppression of initial false impulse

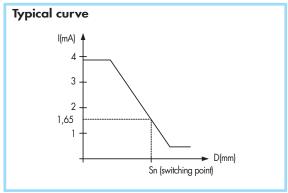
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) according to EN60947-5-2 Shock and vibration resistance according to EN60068-2-27 EN60068-2-6

Max switching frequency (f) operation rrent (1,) **ORDERING** Cable **REFERENCES** Housing distance (L1 L2 L5 L3 L4 Rated o black black Hz mΑ mm mm mm $\mathsf{m}\mathsf{m}$ mm $\mathsf{m}\mathsf{m}$ mm mm M18 x1 C 50 5 250 $2 \div 5$ AKS18/4609S AK\$18/4619\$ 10 60 10 5 10 40 10 60 M18 x1 10 250 3 ÷10 AKS18/5609S **AKS18/5619S** G 50 10 60 M30 x1,5 10 250 3 ÷10 AKS30/4609S AKS30/4619S 6 G 15 35 250 10 60 6 M30 x1,5 10 $5 \div 20$ AKS30/5609S AKS30/5619S

- NAMUR SERIES diameters 18 30 mm
 - Non-amplified in d.c. 2 wires
 - Cable output •



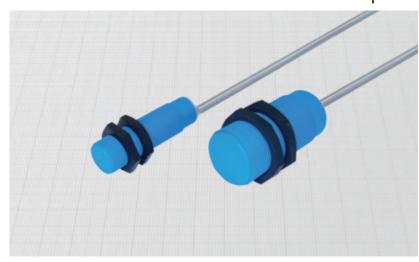




Diamete	er	M18 x 1	M30 x 1,5		
Nut	Size	SW24	SW36		
1401	Thickness mm	4	5		
Max tig	htening Nm	5	20		

Materials:

- Cable: 2 m PVC CEI 20 - 22 II; $90^{\circ}\text{C};\,300$ V; O.R.
- Housing: Sensing face: plastic



General Features:

Capacitive sensors are suitable for any material detection. Some material, mostly if liquids, can be detected also through plastic or glass walls. They can be used for the most different applications: level controls on storage bin or tanks; detection of presence or filling of bottles; rain sensor; anti-vandalic key; etc. The adjustment of the sensing distance is possible through the potentiometer on the

back cap.

Safety parameters:
Working voltage:

Supply voltage according to NAMUR:

Max ripple: Consumption at 8,2 V with $Rx = 1000 \Omega$

with metal: without metal:

Temperature range: Max thermal drift of sensing distance S_r :

Repeat accuracy (R):

Degree of protection: Cable conductor cross section:

According to EN60947-5-6

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) according to EN60947-5-2

Shock and vibration resistance according to EN60068-2-27 EN60068-2-6

For certified ATEX version see ATEX Catalogue

ji.	ounting mounting	LI	L2	L3	L4	L5	Cable diameter	Sody ameter (d)	Body diameter (d)	switching quency (f)	nal sensing nce (S _n) :10%	ORDERING REFERENCES
Housing	Flush mounting Non flush mounting						0 <u>.8</u>	<u></u>	Max fre	Nominal distance ±10	NO brown Rx + blue -	
	_	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	Hz	mm		
C-1	•	-	50	10	-	60	5	M18 x 1	100	2 ÷ 5	NKS18P/4600	
G-2	•	-	50	10	-	60	5	M30 x 1,5	100	4 ÷ 10	NKS30P/4600	

÷ 30 Vdc

 \geq 2,2 mA

≤ 1 mA - 25°÷ + 70°C

± 20%

 $0,75 \text{ mm}^2$

4%

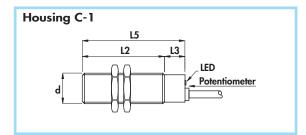
IP65

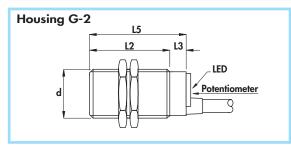
10%

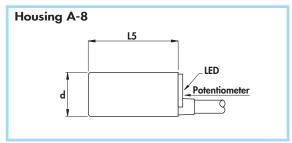
7,7 ÷ 9 Vdc

CYLINDRICAL CAPACITIVE SENSORS IN PLASTIC HOUSING

- Amplified in d.c. 4 wires
- Diameters 18 30 34 mm
- Cable output



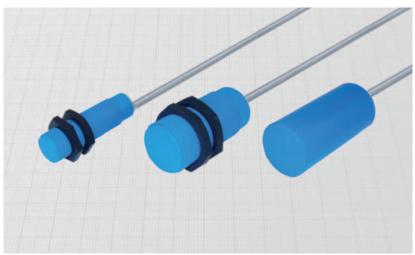




Diamet	er	M18 x 1	M30 x 1,5		
Nut	Size	SW24	SW36		
1401	Thickness mm	4	5		
Max tig	htening Vm	5	20		

Materials:

- 2 m PVC CEI 20 22 II; 90°C; 300 V; O.R. Cable:
- Housing:
- Sensing face: plastic



General Features:

Capacitive sensors are suitable for any material detection. Some material, mostly if liquids, can be detected also through plastic or glass walls. They can be used for the most different applications: level controls on storage bin or tanks; detection of presen-

ce or filling of bottles; rain sensor; anti-vandalic key; etc.
The adjustment of the sensing distance is possible through the potentiometer on the back cap close to the LED.

Technical data:

- Supply voltage (U_B) :
- Max ripple:
 No-load supply current (I_o):
 Voltage drop (U_d):

- Temperature range: Max thermal drift of sensing distance S_r:
- Repeat accuracy (R):
- Switching hysteresis max (H): Degree of protection:
- Switch status indicator:
- Cable conductor cross section:
- Protected against short-circuit and overload Protected against any wrong connection
- Suppression of initial false impulse
- Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) according to EN60947-5-2

Shock and vibration resistance according to EN60068-2-27 EN60068-2-6

		/	
1	1		
Oh.	"		

Housing	ing	L1	L2	L3		L5 = 15	le ster	Cable diameter diameter (d)	Max switching frequency (f) Rated operational current (le)	sensing Sn)	ORDERING REFERENCES	
	mount in mou				L4		Cab			Rated ope current	Rated operational current ($ _{\theta}$) Nominal sensing distance (S_n) $\pm 10\%$	PNP (positive switching)
운	Flush mounting Non flush mounting											Z Z
	Ž	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	Hz	mA	mm	white blue
C - 1 C - 1	٠.	-	50 40	10 10	- -	60 60	5 5	M18 x1 M18 x1	100 100	400 400	2 ÷ 5 3 ÷10	BKS18P/4629KS BKS18P/5629KS
G-2 G-2	•	-	50 35	10 10	- -	60 60	6 6	M30 x1,5 M30 x1,5	100 100	400 400	3 ÷10 5 ÷ 20	BKS30P/4629KS BKS30P/5629KS
A - 8	•	-	-	-	-	70	6	34	100	400	3 ÷ 20	BKS34P/5629KS

NPN (negative switching)
Use the above mentioned part number changing the last number 9 with 8 (ie. BK\$18P/4628K\$)



10 ÷ 60 Vdc

25°÷ + 70°C ± 20%

10% ≤ 10 mA ≤ 2,2 V

4%

15%

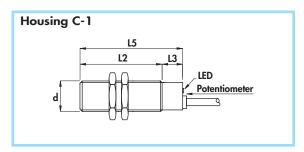
IP65

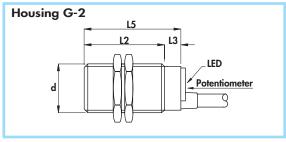
yellow LED

0,50 mm²

CYLINDRICAL CAPACITIVE SENSORS IN PLASTIC HOUSING

- Amplified in a.c. 2 wires
 - Diameters 18 30 mm
 - Cable output •



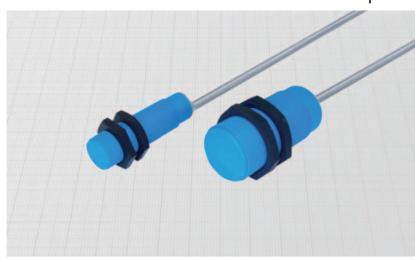


Diamet	er	M18 x 1	M30 x 1,5		
Nut	Size	SW24	SW36		
	Thickness mm	4	5		
Max tig	htening Nm	5	20		

Materials:

2 m PVC CEI 20 - 22 II; 90°C; 300 V; O.R. Cable:

Housing: Sensing face: plastic



General Features:

Capacitive sensors are suitable for any material detection. Some material, mostly if liquids, can be detected also through plastic or glass walls. They can be used for the most different applications: level controls on storage bin or tanks; detection of presence or filling of bottles; rain sensor; anti-vandalic key; etc.

The adjustment of the sensing distance is possible through the potentiometer on the back cap close to the LED.

Technical data:

Supply voltage (U_B): Electrical system frequency: Off-state current (I_r) :

Minimum operational current (I_m):

Voltage drop (U_d):

Temperature range:
Max thermal drift of sensing distance S_r: Repeat accuracy (R):

Switching hysteresis max (H):

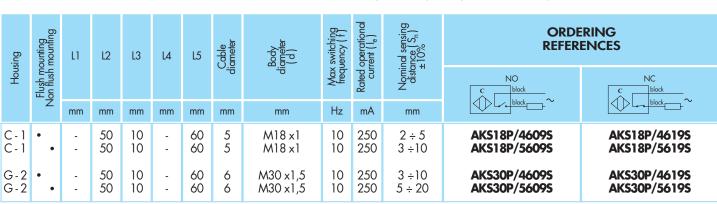
Degree of protection: Switch status indicator:

Cable conductor cross section:

Suppression of initial false impulse Class 2 equipment according to IEC 536

Shock and vibration according to EN60068-2-27 EN60068-2-6

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) according to EN60947-5-2



20 ÷ 240 Vac

- 25°÷ + 70°C ± 20%

 \leq 1,5 mA at 110 Vac

yellow LED 0,50 mm 2 on 18 mm

 $0.75 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ on } 30 \text{ mm}$

40 ÷ 60 Hz

5 mA

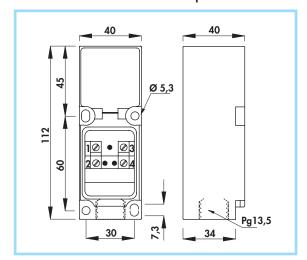
 $\leq 7 \text{ V}$

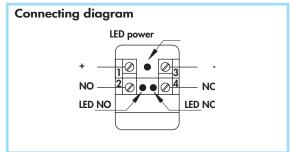
15%

IP65

RECTANGULAR CAPACITIVE SENSORS

- 5 Position head
- Amplified in d.c.
- Terminal block output

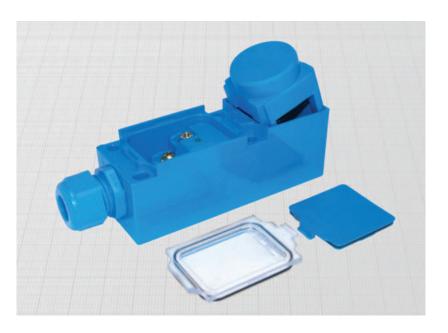




Materials:

Housing Terminal block cover:

plastic polycarbonate



General Features:

These sensors are called "turnable sensing head" because the sensing head, inside the plastic housing can be positioned on 5 different positions. To choose the desired sensing face it is enough to remove the cover and set the sensing head in the proper

The internal terminal block can be easily reached by removing the transparent cover. Being capacitive, they are suitable for any material detection. Some material, mostly if liquids, can be detected also through plastic or glass walls. They can be used for the most different applications :

Level controls on storage bins or tanks; detection of presence or filling of bottles; rain

10 ÷ 60 Vdc 10% ≤ 10 mA \leq 2,2 V

- 20° ÷ + 70°C ± 20%

output n.o. yellow LED output n.c. red LED supply green LED

4%

15% **IP65**

sensor; anti-vandalic key; etc... The included plastic gland Pg13.5 is suited for cables diameter up to 9 mm.

Technical data:

- Supply voltage (U_B): Max ripple: No-load supply current (I_o): Voltage drop (U_d):
- Temperature range:
 Max thermal drift of sensing distance S_r:
- Repeat accuracy (R): Switching hysteresis max (H): Degree of protection with fully locked gland:
- - Status indicator:
- Protected against short-circuit and overload
- Protected against any wrong connection
 Suppression of initial false impulse
 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) according to EN60947-5-2
- Shock and vibration resistance according to EN60068-2-27 EN60068-2-6

mounting sh mounting	Diameter zone sensible	Max switching frequency (f)	Rated operational current (l _e)	Nominal sensing distance (S _n) ± 10%	ORDERING REFERENCES	
					PNP (positive switching)	
	~ 돈					NO + NC
	L V	mm	KHz	mA	mm	
	•	35	0,1	400	15	BKSP/4729KS

NPN (negative switching)
Use the above mentioned part number changing the last number 9 with 8 (ie. BKSP/4728KS) NO + NC